



PERTH MODERN SCHOOL
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Mini Test Chap 4, 5 & 6

Semester One 2018
Mathematics Methods
Calc Free
(Formula sheet allowed)

Name: Solutions

Time: 30 minutes

Total:

/26 marks

Working needs to be shown for full marks

Question 1 [2 marks]

Find the axes intercepts of the curve with equation $y = -2\sqrt{4-x} + 3$.

$$x=0 \quad y = -2\sqrt{4} + 3$$

$$= -4 + 3$$

$$= -1 \quad (0, -1) \quad \checkmark$$

$$y=0 \quad 0 = -2\sqrt{4-x} + 3$$

$$-3 = -2\sqrt{4-x}$$

$$\frac{3}{2} = \sqrt{4-x}$$

$$4-x = \frac{3^2}{2^2}$$

$$4-x = \frac{9}{4}$$

$$-x = \frac{9}{4} - 4$$

$$x = 4 - \frac{9}{4}$$

$$= \frac{7}{4} \quad \left(\frac{7}{4}, 0\right) \quad \checkmark$$

Question 2 [1 marks]

Write down the equation of the circle with centre (2, -1) and radius 6.

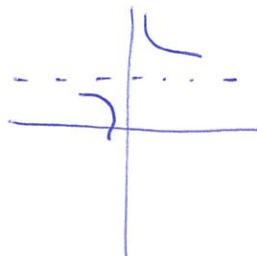
$$(x-2)^2 + (y+1)^2 = 36 \quad \checkmark$$

Question 3 [2 marks]

Give the equation of the asymptotes of the rectangular hyperbola with equation

$$y = \frac{2}{x} + 3.$$

Dilation $\frac{1}{2}$ \swarrow
Up 3 \nwarrow



$$x = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

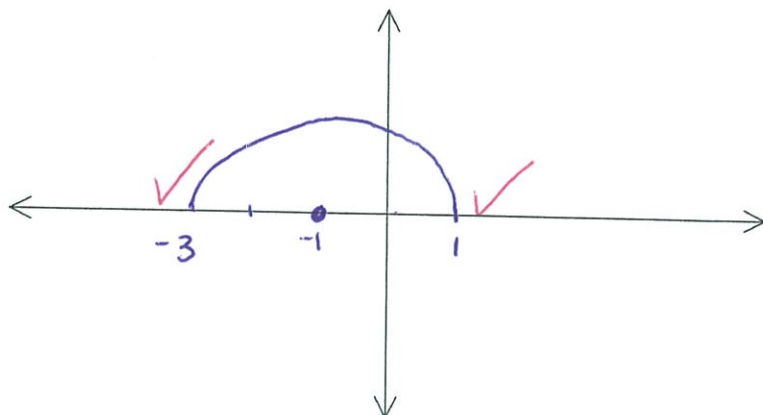
$$y = 3 \quad \checkmark$$

Question 4 [3 mark]

Sketch the graph of the semicircle $y = -\sqrt{4 - (x + 1)^2}$. Clearly label the centre and the axes intercepts.

Centre $(-1, 0)$ ✓

radius = 2



Question 5 [2 marks]

Determine the value of k , the constant of variation, and hence complete the table of values, if it is known that $y \propto \sqrt{x}$.

$$y = k\sqrt{x}$$

$$2 = k\sqrt{2}$$

$$\therefore k = \sqrt{2}$$

x	2	4	32
y	2	2 $2\sqrt{2}$	8

$$\text{If } x = 4$$

$$y = \sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}$$

$$y = \sqrt{2}\sqrt{4}$$
$$= 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$\text{If } y = 8$$

$$8 = \sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}$$

$$\sqrt{x} = \frac{8}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$x = \frac{8^2}{2}$$

$$= 32$$

Question 6 [2,2= 4 marks]

a varies directly as b^2 and inversely as c , and $a = 1$ when $b = 2$ and $c = 3$. Find:

a a when $b = 3$ and $c = 2$

$$a = \frac{kb^2}{c}$$

$$1 = \frac{k(4)}{3}$$

$$k = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$a = \frac{\frac{3}{4}b^2}{c}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{3}{4}(9)}{2}$$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{9}{1} \times \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{27}{8}$$

b c when $b = 4$ and $a = 2$.

$$a = \frac{3b^2}{4c}$$

$$2 = \frac{3(4^2)}{4c}$$

$$c = \frac{3 \times 16}{4 \times 2}$$

$$c = \frac{12}{2}$$

$$= 6$$

Question 7 [1 marks]

What is the maximal domain of the function f with rule $f(x) = \sqrt{5x-7}$.

$$x \geq \frac{7}{5} \text{ or } \left[\frac{7}{5}, \infty \right)$$

Question 8 [2 marks]

What are the co-ordinates of the point $(3, 5)$ after a reflection in the x -axis followed by a translation of 2 units in the positive direction of the x -axis.

$$(3, 5) \xrightarrow{\text{reflection}_x} (3, -5) \rightarrow (5, -5)$$

Question 9 [1,3= 4 marks]

For the function with rule $f(x) = 2x + 5$ find:

a $f(2) + f(3)$

$$f(2) = 4 + 5 \\ = 9$$

$$f(3) = 6 + 5 \\ = 11$$

$$\therefore f(2) + f(3) = 20$$

d $f(a+2) - f(a-2)$

$$f(x) = 2x + 5$$

$$f(a+2) = 2(a+2) + 5 \\ = 2a + 4 + 5 \\ = 2a + 9$$

$$f(a-2) = 2(a-2) + 5 \\ = 2a - 4 + 5 \\ = 2a + 1$$

$$\therefore f(a+2) - f(a-2) = 2a + 9 - (2a + 1) \\ = 8$$

Question 10 [5 marks]

What is the sequence of transformations that takes the graph of $y = x^2$ to the graph of $y = 2(-x - 3)^2 + 4$.

- ✓ Translation of 3 units in the positive x axis. (horizontal)
- ✓ Reflection thru the y axis.
- ✓ Dilation of factor 2 from the x axis.
- ✓ Translation of factor 4 in the positive y axis (vertical)

Correct Order ✓